Lesson 2 — Grammar: be and have got

Grammar: be, have/have got
Laser A1+ SB p. 8 (Look! qutisi: be — qanday ekanini aytadi, have/have got — nimasi borligini; ex.1 to‘g‘ri so‘zni tanlash (8 gap), ex.2 rasmlardagi buyumlar — I've got…/I haven't got…, ex.3 sinf so‘rovi) — asosiy; Solutions Elementary p. 5 (Learn this!: be va have got jadvallari, qisqa javoblar) — qo‘shimcha

Class	Grade 7
Lesson type	Grammar
Aim	By the end of the lesson students can revise and tidy up be and have got (affirmative, negative, questions and short answers) and use them to talk about themselves and their things.
Materials	Vocabulary sheet (28 items), matching worksheet (Groups A and B), slides, flashcards with audio (sozlar.com/vocab); Laser A1+ p. 8
New items	28 words and phrases

Learning outcomes

• choose between be and have/have got in eight sentences (ex.1)

• say and write what they have got and haven't got (ex.2)

• ask and answer with Have you got…? / Do you have…? and give short answers

• carry out a short class survey and report one result

Stage by stage (45 minutes)

Min	Stage	Teacher	Students
3	**Lead-in**	Hold up three things (pencil case, phone, watch). Ask: Have you got a watch? Who has got a skateboard?	Answer with short answers.
4	**Focus — be or have got?**	Show the rule slide; write two example sentences on the board and underline the verbs.	Copy the two examples.
9	**Presentation (4 blocks)**	Present A gadgets (10) and B school and sport things (6) in class; C pets and home (6) and D people and photos (6) — read from the sheet. Drill the contractions.	Follow on the sheet, repeat, make one sentence about themselves for each block.
8	**Book ex.1 + ex.2 (recycle 1)**	ex.1 as a class (eight sentences), then ex.2 individually; monitor spelling of haven't/hasn't.	Choose the correct form; write four sentences about their things.
6	**Class survey (ex.3, recycle 2)**	Students ask five classmates and tick the table; then two or three report.	'Have you got a laptop?' 'No, I haven't.'
5	**Practice — gap fill (recycle 3)**	Students do the first six gap-fill items on the lesson page; check together.	Write the correct form of be or have got.
7	**Matching activity**	Matching worksheet; Group A and Group B, then swap.	Match halves, read aloud.
3	**Feedback and homework**	Correct 'I have got 12 years' and 'She have got'; set the homework.	Write down the homework.

be va have got — shakllar

	be	have got
men	I am / I'm	I have got / I've got
u	he is / he's	he has got / he's got
biz	we are / we're	we have got / we've got
inkor	isn't / aren't	hasn't got / haven't got
savol	Are you …?	Have you got …? / Has he got …?

Qisqa javob: **Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.** — **Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.**

If you are running late (skip in this order)

Bu bosqichlar darsning maqsadiga ta'sir qilmaydi — vaqt yetmasa, shu tartibda tashlab keting.

1. «Memory check» slaydi — ogʻzaki (~3 daq.).
2. Talaffuz slaydi — uyga (~2 daq.).
3. «Two brothers, two bags» matni — uyga oʻqish (~3 daq.).

Questions to ask

• When do we use be and when do we use have got?

• How do you make 'She has got a dog' negative?

• Two ways to ask about a room — what are they?

• What is the short answer to 'Have you got a pet?'

• Why is 'I have got twelve years' wrong?

Anticipated problems and solutions

• 'She have got a dog.' Uchinchi shaxsda **has got**: *She has got / She's got*.

• 'I have got 12 years.' Yosh **be** bilan: *I am twelve*.

• Qisqa javobda **got** tushib qoladi: 'Yes, I have got' emas, *Yes, I have*.

• 'Do you have got…?' — ikkalasi birga ishlatilmaydi: *Do you have…?* yoki *Have you got…?*

Fast finishers / weaker students

Fast finishers write six sentences comparing two classmates' things; weaker students complete ex.1 with the rule slide open.

Homework

• Laser A1+ Workbook pp. 5–6, ex. 1–4.

• Learn the 28 items (sections A–D) with the flashcards: sozlar.com/vocab/cards/?set=grade7-lesson2

• Write six sentences about your family's things: what you have got and haven't got.

Reading text — Two brothers, two bags

Aziz and Bek are brothers, but their **school bags** aren't the same. Aziz has got a **laptop**, a **watch** and a blue **baseball cap** in his bag. He hasn't got a book!

Bek hasn't got a laptop. He's got two books, a **pencil case** and an old **MP3 player**. 'Have you got my **headphones**?' he asks his brother every morning.

The boys haven't got **bicycles**, but they've got one **skateboard**. They share it — one day Aziz, the next day Bek. Their little sister has got **a pet rabbit** called Momo.

'Are you **ready**?' asks Mum at half past seven. 'Yes, we are!' say the boys.

Reading questions — answer key

1. A laptop, a watch and a blue baseball cap.; 2. No, he hasn't.; 3. One — they share it.; 4. Their little sister.; 5. 'Have you got my headphones?'; 6. 'Yes, we are!'

Word list (quick reference)

a bicycle — velosiped
a watch — qo‘l soati
an MP3 player — MP3 pleyer
a tablet — planshet
a school bag — maktab sumkasi
a football — futbol to‘pi
a cat — mushuk
a flat — kvartira, xonadon

a mobile phone — mobil telefon
a laptop — noutbuk
headphones — quloqchin
a baseball cap — beysbolka
a pencil case — penal
a pet rabbit — uyda boqiladigan quyon
the internet — internet
twins — egizaklar

a smartphone — smartfon
a computer — kompyuter
a camera — fotoapparat, kamera
a skateboard — skeytbord
a dictionary — lug‘at (kitob)
a dog — it
a house — hovli uy
identical — aynan o‘xshash (egizaklar haqida)

black hair — qora soch
brown eyes — jigarrang ko‘zlar
a photo — surat, fotosurat
ready — tayyor