Lesson 25 — Wordpower! -ed and -ing Adjectives · Present Perfect

Wordpower!
Laser A2 SB p. 35 — Wordpower!: ex.1 -ed / -ing sifatlardan to‘g‘risini tanlash (6 gap: amazed/amazing, interested/interesting, excited/exciting, frightened/frightening, surprised/surprising, confused/confusing), Be careful! qutisi (Peter is amazing / Peter is amazed — amazement), ex.2 so‘z yasash «How to have the perfect party!» (EXCITE, FRIGHTEN, CONFUSE, AMAZE, SURPRISE, INTEREST). Kitob WB p.26 ex.1–2 ni beradi; kalendar rejada uyga: Exercises 2–4 on pages 24–25. O‘qituvchi qarori (2026-10-08): rejada darsi yo‘q p. 34 Grammar 1 (Present perfect simple 1: Look!/Use, ex.1 KET A/B/C, ex.2 rasm bo‘yicha javoblar, ex.3 kundalikdagi 8 fe’l) shu darsga qo‘shildi

Class	Grade 8
Lesson type	vocabulary
Aim	By the end of the lesson students can choose correctly between -ed and -ing adjectives, form them from verbs, and use the present perfect simple (have/has + past participle, already, yet, just) for present results.
Materials	Vocabulary sheet (31 items), slides, flashcards with audio (sozlar.com/vocab); Laser A2 SB pp. 34–35, Workbook pp. 24–26.
New items	31 words and phrases

Learning outcomes

• choose the correct adjective in six pairs of sentences (ex. 1)

• explain the difference: -ing = what something is like, -ed = how someone feels (Be careful!)

• form eight words from verbs in capitals in a text (ex. 2)

• use the present perfect simple in questions, short answers and a diary text (p. 34 ex. 1–3)

Stage by stage (45 minutes)

Min	Stage	Teacher	Students
2	**Lead-in**	Write on the board: The film was ___ . I was ___ . (interest). Ask which form goes where. Word list stays closed.	Guess the two forms.
10	**Book p.35 ex.1 + Be careful! + ex.2 (test)**	Book tasks slide (p. 35). Ex.1 alone, then read Be careful! and check; ex.2 alone, then compare in pairs.	Choose the words; form the eight words in ex.2.
4	**Check p.35**	Answer key slide (p. 35) — students say WHY: a feeling (-ed) or what the thing is like (-ing)?	Check and correct.
8	**Book p.34 ex.1–3 (test)**	Book tasks slide (p. 34). Look! box sentences from the chat, then ex.1–3 alone; ex.2 from the picture.	Choose A/B/C, answer about the picture, complete the diary.
4	**Check p.34**	Answer key slide (p. 34) — students say WHY (ex.1 (1): invited = past participle → hasn't).	Check and correct.
9	**Cards A, C, D, E + rule + focus**	Card sections A, C, D and E with audio (section B is for homework); then the present perfect rule slide and the -ed/-ing focus slide; hand out the vocabulary sheet.	Repeat the pairs and the already / yet / just sentences.
6	**Practice + Matching**	Practice slide orally (-ed/-ing and present perfect), then the matching worksheet (one round).	Choose and form the words; match the halves.

Min	Stage	Teacher	Students
2	**Wrap-up and homework**	Memory check slide; set homework.	Say the correct adjective; write down the homework.

If you are running late (skip in this order)

Bu bosqichlar darsning maqsadiga ta'sir qilmaydi — vaqt yetmasa, shu tartibda tashlab keting.

1. «My cousin's surprising wedding» matni — uyga audio bilan o'qish va -ed / -ing sifatlarni ajratish (~4 daq.).

2. Talaffuz slaydi (-ed: /d/, /t/, /ɪd/) — vaqt bo'lsa (~3 daq.; asosiy rejadan chiqarildi).

3. B bo'limi (yana -ed / -ing juftliklar) — sinfda vaqt bo'lsa yoki uyga fleshkartalar bilan (~3 daq.).

4. Speaking — How did you feel? / Have you … yet? Juftlikda: biri voqeani aytadi (I've lost my phone), ikkinchisi -ed sifat bilan javob beradi (~4 daq.).

5. «Memory check» slaydi (~2 daq.).

Questions to ask

• What does an -ing adjective describe?

• What does an -ed adjective describe?

• Is it 'I'm confusing' or 'I'm confused' when you don't understand the rules?

• Which preposition goes after interested?

• What is the noun from amaze?

• What is the difference between 'I bought snacks' and 'I've bought snacks'?

• Where do we put already, just and yet?

Anticipated problems and solutions

• 'I'm disgusting.' — bu «men jirkanch odamman» degani! Jirkangan bo'lsangiz: I'm DISGUSTED.

• 'The film was very interested.' — film his qilmaydi: The film was INTERESTING.

• 'I'm interesting in music.' — I'm INTERESTED in music.

• 'frighted' — to'g'ri shakli FRIGHTENED (fe'l frighten).

• 'I'm exciting about the party.' — I'm EXCITED about the party.

• 'I have bought it yesterday.' — aniq o'tgan vaqt bilan past simple: I bought it yesterday.

• 'Have you finished already yet?' — yet so'roq va inkor oxirida: Have you finished yet?

Fast finishers / weaker students

Kuchli o'quvchilar B bo'limidagi juftliklar bilan o'zlari haqida olti gap yozadi; kuchsizlarga ikki ustunli jadval beriladi: «Narsa qanday? (-ing)» / «Men qanday his qildim? (-ed)».

Homework

• Exercises 2–4 on pages 24–25 of the Workbook.

• Learn the 31 items with the flashcards: sozlar.com/vocab/cards/?set=grade8-lesson25 — especially section B (more -ed / -ing pairs), which we did not do in class.

• Write six sentences about a party, a wedding or a holiday with three -ed / -ing pairs.

Reading text — My cousin's surprising wedding

Last month my cousin Dilshod got married. I was really **excited** about the **wedding** because it was my first wedding.

The day started badly. The **directions** to the restaurant were **confusing** and my dad got **confused** too, so we arrived late. Mum was worried and a little annoyed.

But the evening was **amazing**. The music was **exciting**, the food was great and the dancing never stopped. Then the lights went out — a **frightening** moment for the little children!

It was a **surprise**: Dilshod's friends came in with a huge cake covered in candles. Everybody was **surprised**, and the bride looked at it in **amazement**. In the end, the wedding was **a** big **success** and nobody felt bored for a minute.

Reading questions — answer key

1. Because it was the writer's first wedding.; 2. The directions were confusing and Dad got confused.; 3. The little children.; 4. Dilshod's friends came in with a huge cake covered in candles.; 5. confused, worried, annoyed

Book task — answer key

ex.1 1 amazing · amazed 2 interesting · interested 3 excited · exciting

ex.1 4 frightening · frightened 5 surprised · surprising 6 confusing · confused

ex.2 1 excited · 2 frightened · 3 confusing · 4 confused

ex.2 5 amazed · 6 surprising · 7 interesting · 8 interested

Ask WHY: Is it a feeling (-ed) or what the thing is like (-ing)?

ex.1 1 B hasn't · 2 A has made · 3 B haven't put · 4 C Has · 5 C decided · 6 B found

ex.2 2 Yes, they have. They've stood on the jelly. · 3 No, they haven't. They haven't knocked the cake on the floor.

ex.2 4 Yes, they have. They've spilled the drinks. · 5 No, they haven't. They haven't broken the CDs.

ex.3 1 've sent · 2 've already had · 3 hasn't sent · 4 've bought

ex.3 5 've asked · 6 've forgotten · 7 haven't put up · 8 haven't bought

Ask WHY: ex.1 (1) — 'invited' is a past participle → has/hasn't; Leo = he → hasn't (□ didn't invited).

Word list (quick reference)

amazed / amazing — hayratda qolgan / hayratlanarli

interested / interesting — qiziqqan / qiziqarli

excited / exciting — hayajonlangan / hayajonli

frightened / frightening — qo‘rqib ketgan / qo‘rqinchli

surprised / surprising — hayron qolgan / ajablanarli

confused / confusing — boshi qotgan / chalkash

disgusted / disgusting — jirkangan / jirkanch

relaxed / relaxing — xotirjam, bo‘shashgan / orom beradigan

fascinated / fascinating — maftun bo‘lgan / maftunkor, juda qiziq

terrified / terrifying — dahshatga tushgan / dahshatli

amaze — hayratga solmoq

amazement — hayrat

excitement — hayajon

frighten — qo‘rqitmoq

confuse — chalkashtirmoq, boshini qotirmoq

confusion — chalkashlik, tushunmovchilik

a surprise — kutilmagan voqea, syurpriz

disappointment — hafsala pir bo‘lishi, umidsizlik

a wedding — to‘y (nikoh to‘yi)

a costume — karnaval libosi, maxsus kiyim

dress up — karnaval libosini kiymoq; yasanmoq

a Halloween party — Xellouin ziyofati

a fishing rod — qarmoq

directions — yo‘l-yo‘riq (qanday borishni tushuntirish)

make a list — ro‘yxat tuzmoq

go wrong — chappasiga ketmoq (ish buzilmoq)

a success — muvaffaqiyat

rip — yirtmoq

jelly — jele (mevali shirinlik)

knock over — turtib ag‘darib yubormoq

stand on — ustiga bosib olmoq