Lesson 12 — Listening and Speaking: Comparing means of transport

Listening and speaking practice
Laser B1+ SB p. 18 — Listening ex.1 (transport so‘z uyalari: bus, ship, train), ex.2 uchta suhbatning joyini tanlash (vokzal / port / aeroport), ex.3 bo‘shliqlarni to‘ldirish (return ticket, fare), Soundbite: /æ/ va /e/; Speaking ex.1–2 (umumiylik va farq: «A train travels on tracks whereas a bus travels on the road»), ex.3 afzallik, ex.4 ikki suratni taqqoslash; Speaking database p. 165 — Comparing va Expressing preferences

Class	Grade 10
Lesson type	Skills
Aim	By the end of the lesson students can understand short travel conversations, compare two means of transport with whereas / while / both, and say which they prefer and why.
Materials	Vocabulary sheet (28 items), slides, flashcards with audio (sozlar.com/vocab); Laser B1+ SB p. 18 and Speaking database p. 165.
New items	28 words and phrases

Learning outcomes

• identify where three short conversations take place (ex. 2)

• complete five gaps while listening a second time (ex. 3)

• make two sentences about what trains and buses have in common and two about how they differ (Speaking ex. 1–2)

• speak for one minute comparing two photographs and expressing a preference (Speaking ex. 4)

Stage by stage (45 minutes)

Min	Stage	Teacher	Students
4	**Lead-in**	Doskaga *bus · train · ship* deb yozing. So‘rang: How did you get to school today?	O‘quvchilar bilgan transport so‘zlarini aytadi, uchta ustunga yoziladi.
8	**Vocabulary A–C**	28 ta birlikni bo‘lim bo‘yicha oching (A — kema, poyezd va avtobus so‘zlari, B — vokzal va aeroport, C — taqqoslash); talaffuzni karnaycha bilan eshittiring.	Takrorlaydi, daftariga har bo‘limdan 3–4 tadan, jami 10 ta so‘z ko‘chiradi.
10	**Listening (ex.2–3)**	Ikki marta qo‘ying: birinchi marta joyni, ikkinchi marta bo‘shliqlarni.	Javoblarni juftlikda solishtiradi.
8	**Focus: whereas / while**	Uchta usulni misol bilan ko‘rsating; tuzoqni (unlike + ot) alohida ayting.	Og‘zaki 4 ta gap yasaydi.
10	**Speaking ex.1–4**	Vaqtni belgilang: 1 daqiqa gapirish, keyin almashish.	Juftlikda taqqoslaydi va afzalligini aytadi.
5	**Wrap-up**	«Memory check» slaydi.	Har juftlik bitta umumiylik va bitta farq aytadi.

If you are running late (skip in this order)

Bu bosqichlar darsning maqsadiga ta’sir qilmaydi — vaqt yetmasa, shu tartibda tashlab keting.

1. «Two ways to the same city» matni — uyga o‘qish (~5 daq.).
2. Soundbite /æ/–/e/ slaydi — og‘zaki (~3 daq.).
3. «Memory check» slaydi (~3 daq.).

Questions to ask

• Which words go with a ship and not with a bus?

• What is the difference between a delayed train and a cancelled train?

• After whereas, do we use a noun or a whole clause?

• How do you say you like one thing more than another — two ways?

Anticipated problems and solutions

• «I prefer the train than the bus.» — to‘g‘risi: prefer X to Y.

• «I'd rather to go by train.» — I'd rather go (to‘siz).

• «Unlike a bus travels on the road.» — unlike dan keyin OT: Unlike a bus, a train…

• «I lost the bus.» — avtobusga miss qilinadi, lose emas.

Fast finishers / weaker students

Kuchli o‘quvchilar ex.4 da ikki daqiqa gapiradi va «on the other hand» ni qo‘shadi; kuchsizlarga ex.2 dan oldin joy nomlari (station / airport) beriladi.

Homework

• Laser B1+ Workbook p. 15 ex. 1.

• Learn the 28 items with the flashcards: sozlar.com/vocab/cards/?set=grade10-lesson12

• Write six sentences comparing the bus and the train (use whereas, while, both, but, in common, I'd rather and three words from section C: comfortable, convenient, reliable…).

Reading text — Two ways to the same city

Every Friday I travel from my town to the capital. There are two means of transport: the bus and the train. They **have** one thing **in common** — you have to buy a **ticket** before you get on.

A train travels on tracks, whereas a bus travels on the road. That is the main **difference**, and it changes everything. The train is faster and more **comfortable** — you can walk about inside the carriage; on the other hand, the **train station** is far from my house.

The bus is **convenient** because it stops on my street, but it is slow and not very **reliable**: last week my bus was **delayed** for an hour, so I nearly missed the meeting.

So which do I choose? It depends on the weather. If it is raining, I'd rather take the train and read a book. If the sun is out, I prefer the bus to the train — you see the fields all the way.

Reading questions — answer key

1. You have to buy a ticket before you get on.; 2. A train travels on tracks whereas a bus travels on the road.; 3. The station is far from the writer's house.; 4. When the sun is out, because you see the fields all the way.

Word list (quick reference)

a driver — haydovchi	**a ticket** — chipta	**a voyage** — uzoq dengiz safari
a captain — kapitan	**a deck** — paluba (kemaning ochiq sahni)	**a port** — port
cabin crew — bort xodimlari (styuardessalar)	**a ticket collector** — chipta nazoratchisi	**seasick** — dengizda ko‘ngli aynigan
a train station — temir yo‘l vokzali	**a bus station** — avtovokzal	**an airport** — aeroport
a single ticket — bir tomonlama chipta	**change trains** — poyezd almashtirmoq	**take two hours** — ikki soat vaqt ketmoq
on time — o‘z vaqtida	**delayed** — kechiktirilgan (reys, poyezd)	**cancelled** — bekor qilingan

luggage — yuk, bagaj

a difference — farq

reliable — ishonchli (o‘z vaqtida yuradigan)

far better — ancha yaxshiroq

check in — ro‘yxatdan o‘tmoq (aeroportda)

comfortable — qulay, shinam

affordable — hamyonbop

have something in common — umumiy jihati bo‘lmoq

convenient — qulay (vaqt, joy jihatidan)

environmentally friendly — ekologik toza